

TESTA Exercise 1

Match the words in column A with the words in column B:

1. Hang out	A window shopping
2. Surf	B the Internet
3. Go	C text messages
4. Send	D online
5. Chat	E with friends

Exercise 2

Complete the sentences with the correct past form of the verb in brackets.

- Jane (watch) TV while I (water) the plants.
A was watching, had watered; B was watching, was watering; C would watch, would water
- Ian (ask) Tina out yesterday but she (already/make) plans.
A had asked, had already made; B was asking, already made; C asked, had already made
- Who (you/talk) to on the phone when I (come) in?
A were you talking, came; B you talked, came; C had been you talking, had come
- Two days ago Yvonne (return) the book I (lend) her.
A returned, had lent; B had returned, lent; C would return, lend
- Owen (type) his essay when the computer (crash).
A typed, had been crashing; B was typing, crashed; C had typed, crashed

Exercise 3

Match the types of schools (1-5) to the descriptions (A-E):

- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| 1. boarding school | A) a school for boys and girls; |
| 2. single-sex school | B) a school you usually have to pay to go to; |
| 3. co-educational school | C) a school for only boys or only girls; |
| 4. state school | D) a school owned by the government; |
| 5. private school | E) a school which students live in during school term. |

Exercise 4

Fill in the gap with the correct present form of the verb in brackets:

- She (sleep) since noon. Should we wake her up?
A sleeps B has slept C has been sleeping
- I (not/read) this book. Can I borrow it for a week or so?
A haven't read B am not reading C doesn't read
- They must be at the sports ground now. They usually (play) basketball on Fridays.
A plays B play C are playing
- Maria is good at languages. She (speak) French, Spanish and German.
A speaks B speak C is speaking
- I (cook) breakfast right now. Can you call a little later?
A cook B has been cooking C am cooking
- Jane (play) tennis since 2 o'clock.
A has been playing B have been playing C plays
- She can't come to the phone now because she (study) for tomorrow's test.
A studys B is studying C have studied
- I (finish) my work already. I'm ready to go for a walk with you.
A have finished B have been finishing C finish
- (you / come) to my party this Saturday?
A you coming B do you come C are you coming
- I (not/eat) a fried meal since I began to follow a diet.
A haven't eaten B am not eating C doesn't eat

Exercise 5

Fill in: *contest, rent, exhibition, insect repellent, hire.*

- 1) Our guide suggested going to an interesting _____ at the local museum and watching some unusual paintings and sculptures.
- 2) We put some _____ on so as to keep mosquitoes away.
- 3) The teacher advised James to take part in a writing _____.
- 4) I'd prefer to _____ a flat instead of staying in a hotel.
- 5) Tom had to _____ a driver for a while as he couldn't drive a car himself after the operation.

Exercise 6

Choose the correct future tense.

1. When we go to Paris, we *will climb/will have climbed* the Eiffel Tower.
2. James *will have completed/will complete* his studies by the end of the year.
3. Kim *will be performing/will have performed* in the school concert next week .
4. The team *will be leaving/will have left* the office by 9 o'clock tomorrow.
5. 'We've run out of milk.' 'Really? I *will buy/will be buying* some more this afternoon'.

Exercise 7

Put the adjectives into the correct form.

1. The rabbit is (slow) than a cheetah, but the snail is (slow) of all.
2. Children these days seem to become (rude) and (rude).
3. Which of these houses is (expensive)?
4. He had to admit that Mary was much (slim) than her sister.
5. To get promotion you must work (hard) and be (responsible).

Exercise 8

Choose the correct word.

1. Would you like some **dessert/desert**?
2. These trousers are very **loose/lose** on you. Get a smaller size.
3. Climate change **affects/effects** the whole world.
4. **The weather/whether** is nasty today.
5. Today she is wearing her hair **loose/lose**.

Exercise 9

Choose the correct modal verb.

1. Sorry, I'm late. – You **might/should** wear a watch.
2. **Could/Would** I use your mobile phone, please? – Yes, of course.
3. We **mustn't/needn't** go shopping this week, we've got plenty of food.
4. **Should/May** I borrow your book, please?
5. You **mustn't/shouldn't** park your car on double yellow lines.
6. You **shouldn't/mustn't** be so rude with Mary, she is very sensitive.
7. You **should/must** obey the laws, or you will get in jail.
8. **May/must** I call you next week, please?
9. It **might/should** rain tomorrow. You should take an umbrella with you.
10. You **must be/should be** exhausted after all your hard work.

TEST B

Exercise 1

Match the words in column A with the words in column B:

1. Send	A online
2. Go	B the Internet
3. Chat	C text messages
4. Surf	D window shopping
5. Hang out	E with friends

Exercise 2

Complete the sentences with the correct past form of the verb in brackets.

- Yesterday evening I (not meet) my friends until after I (finish) my homework.
A didn't meet, finished B didn't meet, had finished C hadn't met, had finished
- James (paint) the house for hours before he (take) a break.
A painted, took B had painted, was taking C had been painting, took
- Dina (work) on the computer for three hours before she (start) getting ready to go out.
A had been working, started B had worked, had started C worked, started
- We (wander) around the town when we (meet) Mary.
A wandered, were meeting B were wandering, had met C were wandering, met
- She (wait) for two hours before she (leave).
A had been waiting, left B had been waiting, was leaving C waited, left

Exercise 3

Match the types of schools (1-5) to the descriptions (A-E):

- boarding school A) a school owned by the government;
- single-sex school B) a school you usually have to pay to go to;
- co-educational school C) a school for only boys or only girls;
- state school D) a school for boys and girls;
- private school E) a school which students live in during school term.

Exercise 4

Fill in the gap with the correct verb form. Use Present Simple, Present Continuous, Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous:

- We (write) this report for four hours. I'm tired. Let's have a break.
A have been writing B are writing C write
- The sun (rise) in the east.
A rise B is rising C rises
- What is Linda doing? – She (cook) dinner.
A is cooking B has cooked C cooks
- (you/read) any English books in the original lately?
A you reading B are you reading C have you read
- Let's ask Anna to make apple pie for dessert. She (make) great apple pies.
A makes B has been making C make
- John (visit) France several times.
A visits B has visited C is visiting
- Please be quiet. My children (sleep) now.
A are sleeping B is sleeping C has been sleeping
- How often does Peter go to the swimming pool? – He (go) to the swimming pool every day.
A is going B has been going C goes
- She can't go to the movies. She (not/do) her homework yet.
A hasn't done B isn't done C doesn't do

TEST C

Exercise 1

Match the words in column A with the words in column B:

1. Hang out	A the Internet
2. Surf	B with friends
3. Go	C text messages
4. Send	D online
5. Chat	E window shopping

Exercise 2

Complete the sentences with the correct past form of the verb in brackets.

- Jane (watch) TV while I (water) the plants.
A was watching, had watered; B was watching, was watering; C would watch, would water
- James (paint) the house for hours before he (take) a break.
A painted, took B had painted, was taking C had been painting, took
- Who (you/talk) to on the phone when I (come) in?
A were you talking, came; B you talked, came; C had been you talking, had come
- We (wander) around the town when we (meet) Mary.
A wandered, were meeting B were wandering, had met C were wandering, met
- Owen (type) his essay when the computer (crash).
A typed, had been crashing; B was typing, crashed; C had typed, crashed

Exercise 3

Match the types of schools (1-5) to the descriptions (A-E):

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|--------------------------|--|
| 1. boarding school | A) a school owned by the government; |
| 2. single-sex school | B) a school which students live in during school term; |
| 3. co-educational school | C) a school for only boys or only girls; |
| 4. state school | D) a school for boys and girls; |
| 5. private school | E) a school you usually have to pay to go to. |

Exercise 4

Fill in the gap with the correct present form of the verb in brackets:

- We (write) this report for four hours. I'm tired. Let's have a break.
A have been writing B are writing C write
- I (not/read) this book. Can I borrow it for a week or so?
A haven't read B am not reading C doesn't read
- What is Linda doing? – She (cook) dinner.
A is cooking B has cooked C cooks
- I (cook) breakfast right now. Can you call a little later?
A cook B has been cooking C am cooking
- Let's ask Anna to make apple pie for dessert. She (make) great apple pies.
A makes B has been making C make
- Jane (play) tennis since 2 o'clock.
A has been playing B have been playing C plays
- Please be quiet. My children (sleep) now.
A are sleeping B is sleeping C has been sleeping
- I (finish) my work already. I'm ready to go for a walk with you.
A have finished B have been finishing C finish
- She can't go to the movies. She (not/do) her homework yet.
A hasn't done B isn't done C doesn't do

10. I (not/eat) a fried meal since I began to follow a diet.

A haven't eaten

B am not eating

C doesn't eat

Exercise 5

Fill in: contest, exhibition, beggars, breathtaking, hire.

- 1) Our guide suggested going to an interesting _____ at the local museum and watching some unusual paintings and sculptures.
- 2) The view of this lake was really _____!
- 3) Tom had to _____ a driver for a while as he couldn't drive a car himself after the operation.
- 4) In the streets you could see _____ and shoeshine boys.
- 5) The teacher advised James to take part in a writing _____.

Exercise 6

Choose the correct future tense.

1. This time tomorrow, I *will leave/will be leaving* for the airport.
2. James *will be completed/ will have completed* his studies by the end of the year.
3. Kim *will be performing/will be performed* in the school concert next week .
4. 'What are your plans for the weekend?' 'I *am spending/will have spent* some time with my friends.'
5. 'We've run out of milk.' 'Really? I *will buy/will have been buying* some more this afternoon'.

Exercise 7

Put the adjectives into the correct form.

1. The rabbit is (slow) than a cheetah, but the snail is (slow) of all.
2. It's (interesting) film I've ever seen. I didn't like it at all.
3. Which of these houses is (expensive)?
4. The job of a doctor is (difficult) one in the world.
5. To get promotion you must work (hard) and be (responsible).

Exercise 8

Choose the correct word.

1. If you **loose/lose** your credit card, don't forget to block it.
2. Would you like some **dessert/desert**?
3. Climate change **affects/effects** the whole world.
4. I wondered **weather/whether** he liked classical music.
5. Today she is wearing her hair **loose/lose**.

Exercise 9

Choose the correct modal verb.

1. I've got a terrible toothache. – I think you *might/should* see a dentist..
2. We *mustn't/needn't* go shopping this week, we've got plenty of food.
3. *May/must* I come in, please?
4. You *must/ought to* be very tired. Do you want to sleep for a while?
5. You *mustn't/shouldn't* park your car on double yellow lines.
6. You *shouldn't/mustn't* be so rude with Mary, she is very sensitive.
7. I *have to/could* go to the grocery store. My fridge is empty.
8. You *should/must* obey the laws, or you will get in jail.
9. It *might/should* rain tomorrow. You should take an umbrella with you.
10. *Could/Should* you pass me the salt? I'd like to put some in my soup.

Keys

Test A	Test B	Test C
Ex.1 1 e, 2 b, 3 a, 4 c, 5 d	Ex.1 1 c, 2 d, 3 a, 4 b, 5 e	Ex.1 1 b, 2 a, 3 e, 4 c, 5 d
Ex.2 1 b; 2 c; 3 a; 4 a; 5 b	Ex.2 1 b, 2 c, 3 a, 4 c, 5 a	Ex.2 1 b; 2 c; 3 a; 4 c; 5 b
Ex.3 1 e, 2 c, 3 a, 4 d, 5 b	Ex.3 1 e, 2 c, 3 d, 4 a, 5 b	Ex.3 1 b, 2 c, 3 d, 4 a, 5 e
Ex.4 1c, 2 a, 3 b, 4 a, 5 c, 6 a, 7 b, 8 a, 9 c, 10 a	Ex.4 1 a, 2 b, 3 a, 4 c, 5 a, 6 b, 7 a, 8 c, 9 a, 10 b	Ex.4 1 a, 2 a, 3 a, 4 c, 5 a, 6 a, 7 b, 8 a, 9 a, 10 a
Ex.5 1 excursion, 2 insect repellent, 3 contest, 4 rent, 5 hire	Ex.5 1 countless, 2 beggars, 3 candlelit, 4 breathtaking, 5 craftsmen	Ex.5 1 excursion, 2 breathtaking, 3 hire, 4 beggars, 5 contest
Ex.6 1 willclimb; 2 will have completed; 3 will be performing; 4 will have left; 5 will buy	Ex.6 1 will be leaving; 2 will collect; 3 will have finished; 4 am spending; 5 is going to take	Ex.6 1 willbe leaving; 2 will have completed; 3 will be performing; 4 am spending; 5 will buy
Ex.7 1 Slower, the slowest; 2 ruder, ruder; 3 the most expensive; 4 slimmer; 5 harder, more responsible	Ex.7 1 farther; 2 the least interesting; 3 the smartest, smarter; 4 the hardest; 5 the worst, worse	Ex.7 1 Slower, the slowest; 2 the least interesting; 3 the most expensive; 4 the most difficult; 5 harder, more responsible
Ex.8 1 dessert, 2 loose, 3 affects, 4 weather, 5 loose	Ex.8 1 desert, 2 effect, 3 whether, 4 weather, 5 lose	Ex.8 1 lose, 2 dessert, 3 affects, 4 whether, 5 loose
Ex.9 1 should, 2 could, 3 needn't, 4 may, 5 mustn't, 6 shouldn't, 7 must, 8 may, 9 might, 10 must be	Ex.9 1 should, 2 must, 3 needn't, 4 may, 5 can't, 6 must, 7 may, 8 have to, 9 could, 10 must be	Ex.9 1 should, 2 needn't, 3 may, 4 must, 5 mustn't, 6 shouldn't, 7 have to, 8 must, 9 might, 10 could